Resilience Applied Matrix

The elements for a healthy teaching and learning community, helping to overcome learning loss while improving faculty retention.



Needs

The nine building blocks for each human being, different from wants as they are required for our psychological growth.



Protective Mechanisms

The intentional and unintentional methods by which we insulate ourselves from real and perceived threats.



Support/ Relationships

The (mainly) human connections we make to help us get our needs met or endure unpleasantness.



Adaptability

Our capacity for distress is the greatest determinant in tolerating unmet needs, or overcoming adversity.



Stress

The level of arousal from internal and external stimuli generating somatic tension and unpleasant thoughts.



Wellness

The tools, skills and strategies we employ to meet our physiological needs (health), improving vitality, preventing injury and promoting immunity.



Skills (PSEL)

The 15 psychosocial emotional tools by which we learn to get our needs met.



Climate

Trust, safety, effort, creativity, fun and other factors influencing and creating milieu.



Values

The principles we hold as important for how we live our lives, influencing how we interact with others.